IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY CPR E 491

Instruction Level Reverse Engineering (Disassembly) through EM Side Channel

Sdmay21-09:

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Project Vision

- Reverse engineer the executing program of a processor through measurements of the electromagnetic radiation that it emits.
- Code/data authentication
- Security Implications

















Requirements

- Collecting electromagnetic radiation data from a ARM-M7 processor with a 20+ Mhz frequency and 6-stage pipeline.
- Building an interface between our EM antenna and code to organize and filter relevant data.
- Written in Python
- Large amount of data used to train the model

Requirements cont.

- Opcode detection with 90%+ accuracy
- Well-documented code
- Predictions formatted to be user-friendly

Constraints

- Budget: \$100
- Oscilloscope availability
- Oscilloscope bandwidth
- Minimum pipeline size
- Computing resources for training
- Covid-19 Pandemic



System Design

- Development board connected to DSO
- EM Probe mounted on dev board using custom-built mount
- Dev boards triggers code execution using serial
- MatLab handles data capture from DSO
- Data is transformed and sent to TensorFlow for ML

Project Hardware

- Data Collection Interface
 - Nucleo-144
 - Tektronix DPO3012 DSO
 - EM Probe
 - DSO Probe for GPIO



Project Software

- Embedded SW:
 - Nucleo-144 code
 - Data generation code
 - Matlab data capture script
- Machine learning experimentation:
 - Classification model for Opcodes
 - Various machine learning techniques tested

SW Platforms

- Python code will adhere to the PEP 8 standard
- NumPy and Pandas for data structures
- Scikit-Learn (sktime) used for machine learning
- Jupyter Notebooks





HW Platforms

- Visa communication between Matlab and
 Oscilloscope
- Serial communication between Matlab and Nucleo board



Automation

fprintf(visaObj,'HORIZONTAL:POSITION 800E-9');
fprintf(visaObj,'HORIZONTAL:SCALE 200E-9');
fprintf(visaObj,'CH1:SCALE 2');
fprintf(visaObj,'CH2:SCALE 0.001');

```
switch(data){
case(0):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(1):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(2):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(2):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(3):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(3):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
case(3):
asm volatile("movs r0, #0\n\t""add r3, r0, #88\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #8\n\t""add r3, r3, #2\n\t""lsl r3, r3, #16\n\t""add r4, r0, #65\n\t""lsl r4, r4, #4\n\t""add r4, r4, #4\n
break;
brea
```

Homemade EM probe



https://www.eevblog.com/forum/blog/eevblog-1178-build-a-\$10-diy-emc-probe/

EM probe mount







New Oscilloscope

- DPO3012 vs DSOX2024A
- New VISA Commands
- New data format
- New bandwidth and sampling rate
- Significantly reduced capture rate

Hardware Implementations





Machine Learning process



- Single instructions padded with nops
- Coherence among samples is an easier ML task
- Binary classification reaches 98+% accuracy

Machine Learning process cont.



- Multiple instructions in pipeline - our approach is to train on random permutations of order instructions
- Pros: Irrespective of precise timing to break up time series into clock cycles
- Cons: Doesn't scale well since requires too much training data
- Need to use multilabel ML

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Machine Learning process cont.



Multilabel ML Attempts

		add	asr	mul	ssat	ldr
	Random	.500	.499	.500	.250	.249
	SVC	.501	.494	.626	.494	.629
	Random Forest [n=100]	.502	.494	.626	.494	.630
	Time Series Random Interval Tree	.502	<pre>[7] ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷ ▷</pre>			
	Random Interval Spectral Forest	.502	<pre># classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100) classifier = svm.SVC() # multi_target_forest = MultiOutputClassifier(classifier, n_jobs=-1) classifier.fit(X_train_tab, y0_train) print(time.time() - start) y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test_tab) accuracy_score(y0_test, y_pred)</pre>			
Iowa State University			64.5960762500763 0.5013763763763			

Conclusions: Done



- Hardware acquired and set up
- Processor, oscilloscope, Matlab communication established
- Preliminary machine learning model prototyping

Lessons learned

- Design process
- Tool automation
- Compiler optimizations
- Time series machine learning

Future Work

- Collection of more data
- Train new machine learning model
- Use to detect operands in running code
- Expand model to support even more instructions



Questions?







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